

# Gateway for integration of Daikin air conditioners into KNX TP-1 (EIB) control systems

Compatible with VRV and Sky line air conditioners commercialized by Daikin Application's Program Version: 1.5

## **USER MANUAL**

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# **Important User Information**

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Gateway for integration of Daikin air conditioners into KNX TP-1 (EIB) control systems.

Compatible with VRV and SKY line air conditioners commercialized by Daikin.

Application's Program Version: 1.5

ORDER CODE	LEGACY ORDER CODE
INKNXDAI001R000	DK-RC-KNX-1

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## 1. Presentation



INKNXDAI001R000 allows a complete and natural integration of DAIKIN air conditioners with KNX control systems.

Compatible with all SKY Air and VRV models commercialized by DAIKIN.

#### Main features:

- Reduced dimensions, quick installation.
- Direct connection to P1/P2 bus, the bus that connects the AC indoor unit and the wired remote controller.
- Multiple objects for control and status (bit, byte, characters...) with KNX standard datapoint types.
- Status objects for every control available.
- Special Modes available (Power, Economy, Additional Heating and Additional Cooling).
- Timeout for Open Window and Occupancy. Sleep function also available.
- Control of the AC unit based in the ambient temperature read by the own AC unit, or in the ambient temperature read by any KNX thermostat.
- Total Control and Monitoring of the AC unit from KNX, including monitoring of AC unit's state of internal variables, running hours counter (for filter maintenance control), and error indication and error code.
- AC unit can be controlled simultaneously by the remote controller of the AC unit and by KNX.
- Up to 5 scenes can be saved and executed from KNX, fixing the desired combination of Operation Mode, Set Temperature, Fan Speed, Vane Position and Remote Controller Lock in any moment by using a simple switching.

## 2. Connection

Connection of the INKNXDAI001R000 to the AC indoor unit

#### 2.1 INKNXDAI001R000 without DAIKIN Remote Controller

The INKNXDAI001R000 can be connected directly to the P1/P2 bus of the indoor unit (no Daikin remote controller -RC from now on- also connected in the P1 P2 bus). If this is the case, INKNXDAI001R000 must be configured as master (using the ETS software), see connection diagram below.

#### 2.2 INKNXDAI001R000 with DAIKIN Remote Controller

If a Daikin remote controller (RC) is present and connected to the P1/P2 bus, there are two configuration options:

- If we want to use the RC as master, its PCB switch must be set at "M" position and the INKNXDAI001R000 must be configured as slave.
- If we want to use the RC as slave, its PCB switch must be set at "S" position and the INKNXDAI001R000 must be configured as master.

Check compatible Daikin remote controllers in the link provided in section 6.

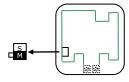


Figure 2.1 Daikin RC PCB backside, MAIN/SUB switch

Special mention must be made with the use of Daikin's IR wireless remote controllers, in this case Daikin's IR must be slave and the INKNXDAI001R000 must be master, otherwise not all the features will be available from KNX.

Disconnect mains power from the AC unit and use a 2 wire cable with a diameter of 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> to 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> for the connection of INKNXDAI001R000, Daikin's remote controller and its corresponding indoor unit. Screw the suitably peeled cable ends in the corresponding P1/P2 terminals of each device, as summarized in the **Figure 2.2**.

Maximum P1/P2 bus length is 500 meter. DAIKIN RC and INKNXDAI001R000 are polarity insensitive.

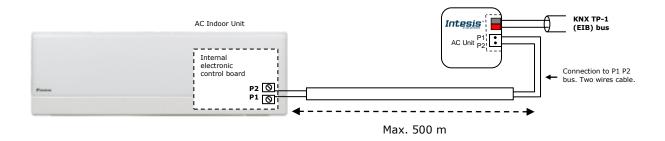
#### Connection of the INKNXDAI001R000 to the KNX bus:

Disconnect power of the KNX bus. Connect the INKNXDAI001R000 to the KNX TP-1 (EIB) bus using the KNX standard connector (red/grey) of the INKNXDAI001R000, respect polarity.

Reconnect power of the KNX bus, and mains power of the AC unit.

## **Connections diagrams:**

## INKNXDAI001R000 without DAIKIN RC



#### INKNXDAI001R000 with DAIKIN RC

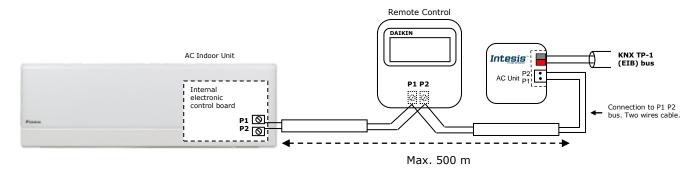


Figure 2.2 Connections diagrams

## 3. Configuration and setup

This is a fully compatible KNX device which must be configured and setup using standard KNX tool ETS.

ETS database for this device can be downloaded from:

https://intesis.com/products/ac-interfaces/daikin-gateways/daikin-knx-vrv-dk-rc-knx-1

Please consult the README.txt file, located inside the downloaded zip file, to find instructions on how to install the database.

IMPORTANT: Do not forget to select the correct settings of AC indoor unit being connected to the INKNXDAI001R000 (Fan speed and Vane), this is in "Parameters" of the device in ETS.

## 4. ETS Parameters

When imported to the ETS software for the first time, the gateway shows the following default parameter configuration:

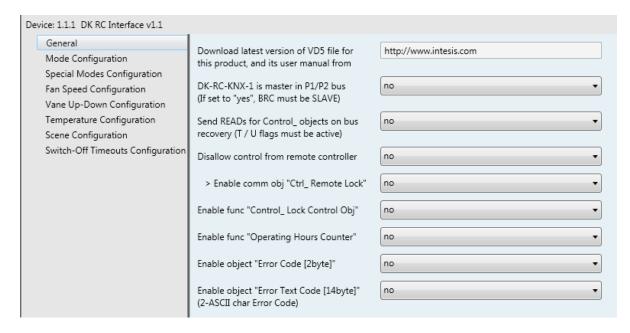


Figure 4.1 Default parameter configuration

With this configuration it's possible to send On/Off (Control\_ On/Off), change the AC Mode (Control\_ Mode), the Fan Speed (Control\_ Fan Speed) and also the Setpoint Temperature (Control\_ Setpoint Temperature). The Status\_ objects, for the mentioned Control\_ objects, are also available to use if needed. Also objects Status\_ AC Return Temp and Status\_ Error/Alarm are shown.

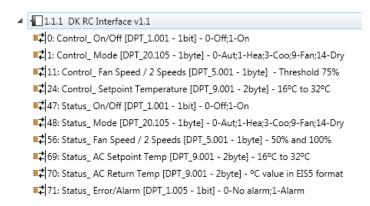


Figure 4.2 Default communication objects

#### 4.1 General dialog

Inside this parameter's dialog it is possible to activate or change the parameters shown in the **Figure 4.1**.

The first field shows the URL where to download the database (or pr3) and the user manual for the product.

#### 4.1.1 INKNXDAI001R000 is master in P1/P2 bus

This parameter changes the gateway's behavior, being able to program it as master or slave in P1 P2 bus.

- o If set to "no", the gateway will work as a slave and it will be necessary to have a BRC remote controller configured as a master.
- o If set to "yes" the gateway will be master of the bus. It is not necessary to have any BRC remote controller in this case but, if there are, they must be configured as slaves. The next parameter is also shown when selecting INKNXDAI001R000 as master in P1 P2 bus:



Figure 4.3 Parameter detail

➤ If VRV system, indoor unit is slave of Operating Mode:

VRV indoor units can be configured as master or slave of Operating Mode.

If configured as slave = "yes", the unit will take the operating mode of the master indoor unit in the system (i.e. if master unit is in Heat mode, slaves will be also in Heat mode).

If configured as slave = "no", it means is the master unit, then the unit will take the operating mode selected through the BRC or INKNXDAI001R000, and the other slave indoor units will adopt this operating mode.

△ Important: Only ONE indoor unit can be configured as master of operating mode. If more than one indoor unit is configured as master, the system will not work properly.

There are some compatible Operation Modes that slave indoor units can use while the master indoor unit is operating in another one:

MASTER INDOOR UNIT	SLAVE INDOOR UNIT(s)
Heat	Heat, Fan
Cool	Cool, Dry, Fan
Dry	Dry, Cool, Fan
Fan	Fan

Table 4.1 Operating Mode compatibility

## 4.1.2 Send READs for Control\_ objects on bus recovery

When this parameter is enabled, INKNXDAI001R000 will send READ telegrams for the group addresses associated on its Control\_ objects on bus recovery or application reset/start-up.

- If set to "no" the gateway will not perform any action.
- If set to "yes" all Control\_ objects with both Transmit (T) and Update (U) flags enabled will send READs and their values will be updated with the response when received.



Figure 4.4 Parameter detail

#### Delay before sending READs (sec):

With this parameter, a delay can be configured between 0 and 30 seconds for the READs sent by the Control objects. This is to give time enough to other KNX devices on the bus to start-up before sending the READs.

## 4.1.3 Scene to load on bus recovery / startup

This parameter executes a selected scene on bus recovery or startup, only if the selected scene has an enabled preset or values previously saved from KNX bus (see Scene Configuration dialog).

If the gateway is disconnected from the indoor unit (P1 & P2 bus not connected) the scene will not be applied, even when connecting to the indoor unit again.



Figure 4.5 Parameter detail

#### 4.1.4 Disallow control from remote controller

This parameter allows:

- 1- Having the remote controller always locked, or
- 2- Decide through a new communication object if the RC is locked or not.
- If set to "yes" all the actions performed through the remote controller will be disabled.

If set to "no" the remote controller will work as usually. It also appears a new parameter and the communication object Control Lock Remote Control.

> ■2|30: Control\_Lock Remote Control [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked Disallow control from remote controller no > Enable comm obj "Ctrl\_ Remote Lock" yes

Figure 4.6 Communication object and parameter detail

> Enable comm obj "Ctrl Remote Lock":

If set to "no" the object will not be shown.

If set to "yes" the Control\_ Lock Remote Control object will appear.

- When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, the remote controller is locked. To be unlocked a "O" value must be sent. The gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.
- △ Important: If an initial scene is enabled and it has as Value for Remote Lock (unchanged) or unlocked, this would unlock the remote controller because the initial scene has priority over the Control\_ Lock Remotre Control communication object.

## 4.1.5 Enable func "Control Lock Control Obj"

This parameter shows/hide the Control\_ Lock Control Obj communication object which, depending on the sent value, locks or unlocks ALL the Control\_ communication objects except itself.

■2 31: Control\_ Lock Control Objects [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Unlocked;1-Locked

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Lock Control Objects object will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to this communication object, all the Control\_ objects will be locked. To unlock a "O" value must be sent, as the gateway remembers the last value received even if a KNX bus reset/failure happens.

## 4.1.6 Enable func "Operating Hours Counter"

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Operation Hour Counter communication object which counts the number of operating hours for the INKNXDAI001R000.

₹ 78: Status\_ Operation Hour Counter [DPT\_7.001 - 2byte] - Number of operating hours

o If set to "no" the object will not be shown.

- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Operation Hour Counter object will appear.
  - This object can be read and sends its status every time an hour is counted. The gateway keeps that count in memory and the status is sent also after a KNX bus reset/failure. Although this object is marked as a Status object it also can be written to update the counter when needed. To reset the counter should be written a "O" value.
  - ▲ Important: This object comes by default without the write (W) flag activated. If is necessary to write on it, this flag must be activated.
  - △ Important: This object will also return its status, every time a value is written, only if it's different from the existing one.
  - △ Important: If the stored value is 0 hours, the gateway will not send the status to KNX.

## 4.1.7 Enable object "Error Code [2byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Error Code communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in numeric format.

■2 72: Status\_ Error Code [2byte] - 0-No error /Any other see man.

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Error Code [2byte] object will appear.
  - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in numeric format. If a "0" value is shown that means no error.

## 4.1.8 Enable object "Error Text Code [14byte]"

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Error Text Code communication object which shows the indoor unit errors, if occurred, in text format.

■2 73: Status\_ Error Text Code [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - 2 char DK Error / Empty-None

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Error Text Code object will appear.
  - This object can be read and also sends the indoor unit error, if occurred, in text format. The errors shown have the same format as at the remote controller and at the error list from the indoor unit manufacturer. If the object's value is empty that means no error.

## 4.2 Mode Configuration dialog



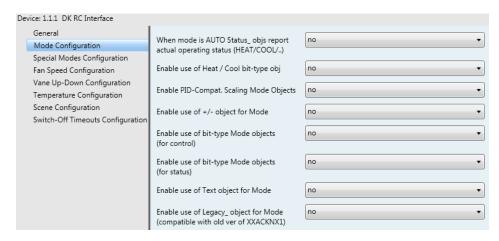


Figure 4.7 Default Mode Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the different mode properties and communication objects.

```
1: Control_ Mode [DPT_20.105 - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;3-Coo;9-Fan;14-Dry
```

The byte-type communication object for Mode works with the DTP\_20.105. Auto mode will be enabled with a "0" value, Heat mode with a "1" value, Cool mode with a "3" value, Fan mode with a "9" value and Dry mode with a "14" value.

## 4.2.1 When mode is AUTO Status\_ objs report actual operating status

This parameter shows the real status of the indoor unit when Auto mode is enabled.

- o If set to "no", when the indoor unit is set to Auto mode, all the Status\_ objects concerning mode will only show Auto enabled.
- o If set to "yes", when the indoor unit is set to Auto mode, all the Status\_ objects concerning mode will show the real mode which the machine is working (Cool, Heat, Dry, Fan). In case of the bitfield objects, also the Status\_ Mode Auto will be shown enabled with a "1" value.

#### 4.2.2 Enable use of Heat / Cool bit-type obj

This parameter shows/hides the Control and Status Mode Cool/Heat communication objects.

```
2: Control_ Mode Cool/Heat [DPT_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat
49: Status_ Mode Cool/Heat [DPT_1.100 - 1bit] - 0-Cool;1-Heat
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control and Status Mode Cool/Heat objects will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, Heat mode will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the Status\_ object will return this value.

When a "0" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, Cool mode will be enabled in the indoor unit, and the Status object will return this value.

## 4.2.3 Enable PID-Compat. Scaling Mode Objects

This parameter shows/hides the Control Mode Cool & On and Control Mode Heat & On communication objects.

```
■2 3: Control_ Mode Cool & On [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Cool
4: Control_ Mode Heat & On [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 0%-Off;0.1%-100%-On+Heat
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Mode Cool & On and Control\_ Mode Heat & On objects will appear.
  - These objects provide compatibility with those KNX thermostats that control the demand of heating or cooling by using scaling (percentage) objects. In these thermostats, the percentage demand is meant to be applied on a fluid valve of the heating / cooling system.
  - INKNXDAI001R000 device does not provide individual control on the internal parts of the indoor unit (as can be its compressor, refrigerant valves, etc). Rather, it provides the same level of control as a (user) remote controller.
  - Objects "Control\_ Mode Cool & On" and "Control\_ Mode Heat & On" intend to bring compatibility between thermostats oriented to the control of custom heating / cooling systems and ready-made AC indoor units, by applying the following logic:
    - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control Mode Cool & On", indoor unit will switch On in COOL mode.
    - Whenever a non-zero value (>0%) is received at "Control\_ Mode Heat & On", indoor unit will switch On in HEAT mode.
      - Lastest updated object will define the operating mode
    - Indoor unit will switch off only when both objects become zero (0%) or when an OFF is requested at object "0. On/Off [DPT 1.001 - 1bit]"

△ Important: These objects function is only to send On/Off and Cool/Heat to the indoor unit. The PID (Inverter system) is calculated by the indoor unit itself. Please consider introducing an appropriate PID configuration to the external KNX thermostat to not interfere the indoor unit PID.

## 4.2.4 Enable use of + / - object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Mode +/- communication object which lets change the indoor unit mode by using two different datapoint types.

10: Control\_Mode +/- [DPT\_1.008 - 1bit] - 0-Up;1-Down

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Mode +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

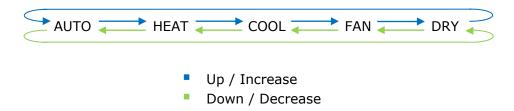


Figure 4.8 Parameter detail

> DPT type for +/- Mode Object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT 1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Mode +/-* object.

The sequence followed when using this object is shown below:



## 4.2.5 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Mode* objects.

```
15: Control_ Mode Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set AUTO operating mode
■2 7: Control_ Mode Cool [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set COOL operating mode
■2 8: Control_ Mode Fan [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set FAN operating mode
■ 29: Control Mode Dry [DPT 1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set DRY operating mode
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Mode objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. To activate a mode by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.

## 4.2.6 Enable use of bit-type Mode objects (for status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_ Mode* objects.

```
50: Status_ Mode Auto [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-AUTO is active
■ 51: Status_ Mode Heat [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-HEAT is active
■ 52: Status_ Mode Cool [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-COOL is active
■2 53: Status_ Mode Fan [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-FAN is active
■ 54: Status_ Mode Dry [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-DRY is active
```

- o If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- o If set to "yes" the Status\_ Mode objects for Auto, Heat, Cool, Fan and Dry will appear. When enabled, a mode will return a "1" through its bit-type object.

## 4.2.7 Enable use of Text object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Mode Text communication object.

■2 55: Status\_ Mode Text [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - ascii string

- o If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- o If set to **"yes"** the *Status\_ Mode Text* object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown five text fields, one for each mode, that will let modify the text string displayed by the *Status\_ Mode Text* when changing mode.

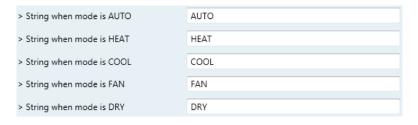


Figure 4.9 Parameter detail

## 4.2.8 Enable use of Legacy\_ object for Mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Legacy\_ Mode* communication object.

■2 80: Legacy\_ Mode [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0-Aut;1-Hea;2-Dry;3-Fan;4-Coo

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Legacy\_ Mode object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit mode but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.

Auto mode will be enabled with a "0" value, Heat mode with a "1" value, Dry mode with a "2" value, Fan mode with a "3" value and Cool mode with a "4" value

## 4.3 Special Modes Configuration dialog

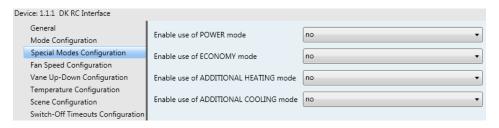


Figure 4.10 Default Special Modes Configuration dialog

The Special Modes can be parameterized through the ETS parameters dialog, and they can be used to give extra functionality.

- ▲ Important: When executing any of the Special Modes, the real state of the indoor unit will NOT be shown in KNX.
- △ Important: When the predefined time for the Special Mode is finished or a "0" value is sent to stop it, the previous state will be recovered.
- △ Important: If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is received from KNX while any Special Mode is running ("1"), the Special Mode will stop and the previous state will be recovered. The value received will be also applied then.
- △ Important: If a value concerning On/Off, Mode, Fan Speed or Setpoint Temperature is modified through the remote controller, the Special Mode will stop WITHOUT recovering the previous state. Then the real indoor unit state will be shown in KNX including the new value received through the remote controller.

## 4.3.1 Enable use of POWER mode

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Start Power Mode and Status\_ Power Mode communication objects. The Power Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

- 232; Control Start Power Mode [DPT 1.010 1bit] 0-Stop;1-Start ■2 74: Status\_ Power Mode [DPT\_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Start Power Mode and Status\_ Power Mode objects and new parameters will appear.



Figure 4.11 Parameter detail

When a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object Power Mode will be enabled, and the Status\_ object will return this value.

- When a "O" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, Power Mode will be disabled, and the Status object will return this value.
- ▲ Important: This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and, in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.

#### Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Power Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) – in Celsius:

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in Power Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Power Mode.

#### 4.3.2 Enable use of ECONOMY mode

This parameter shows/hides the Control Start Econo Mode and Status Econo Mode communication objects. The Econo Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

```
■2 33: Control_ Start Econo Mode [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start
75: Status_ Econo Mode [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control Start Econo Mode and Status Econo Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, EconoMode will be enabled, and the Status\_ object will return this value.
  - When a "0" value is sent to the Control communication object, EconoMode will be disabled, and the Status\_ object will return this value.
  - ▲ Important: This mode will ONLY work if the indoor unit is both turned on and, in a Heat, Cool, Auto-Heat or Auto-Cool Mode.
  - Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of EconoMode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint delta increase (HEAT) or decrease (COOL) - in Celsius:

Number of degrees Celsius that will increase in Heat Mode, or decrease in Cool Mode, while in EconoMode.



#### > Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in EconoMode.

#### 4.3.3 Enable use of ADDITIONAL HEATING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Start Additional Heat Mode* and *Status\_ Additional Heat Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

```
■ 34: Control_ Start Additional Heat [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start

■ 76: Status_ Additional Heat [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- o If set to **"yes"** the Control\_ Start Additional Heat Mode and Status\_ Additional Heat Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_* communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be enabled, and the *Status\_* object will return this value.
  - When a "O" value is sent to the *Control*\_ communication object, Additional Heating Mode will be disabled, and the *Status*\_ object will return this value.
  - △ **Important:** This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Heat mode.

#### > Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Additional Heating Mode, in minutes, once started.

> Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Heating Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Heating Mode.

## 4.3.4 Enable use of ADDITIONAL COOLING mode

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Start Additional Cool Mode* and *Status\_ Additional Cool Mode* communication objects. The Additional Heating Mode lets change the Setpoint Temperature and the Fan Speed within a given period of time.

```
■ 35: Control_ Start Additional Cool [DPT_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start

■ 77: Status_ Additional Cool [DPT_1.001 - 1bit] - 0-Off;1-On
```

If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.

- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Start Additional Cool Mode and Status\_ Additional Cool Mode objects and new parameters will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be enabled, and the Status\_ object will return this value.
  - When a "O" value is sent to the Control\_ communication object, Additional Cooling Mode will be disabled, and the Status\_ object will return this value.
  - ▲ Important: This mode will ALWAYS turn on the indoor unit in Cool mode.
  - Action time for this mode (minutes):

Duration of Additional Cooling Mode, in minutes, once started.

Setpoint temp for this mode (°C):

Setpoint temperature that will be applied while in Additional Cooling Mode.

Fan Speed for this mode:

Fan Speed that will be set in the unit while in Additional Cooling Mode.

## 4.4 Fan Speed Configuration dialog

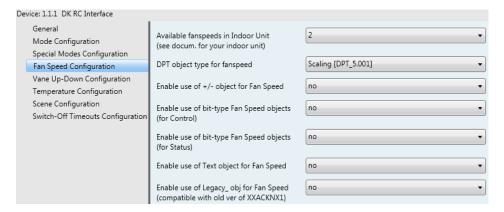


Figure 4.12 Default Fan Speed Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Fan Speed properties and communication objects.

#### 4.4.1 Available fan speeds in Indoor Unit

This parameter lets you choose how many fan speeds are available in the indoor unit (2 or 3 speeds available).

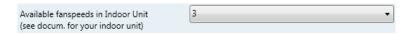


Figure 4.13 Parameter detail

Changing the fan speeds will also change the fan speed byte-type object (and the bit-type objects) erasing all the group addresses associated.

▲ **Important:** Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check how many fan speeds are available.

## 4.4.2 DPT object type for fanspeed

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the *Control\_ Fan Speed* and *Status\_ Fan Speed* byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT\_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT\_5.010) can be selected.

When "Enumerated [DPT 5.010]" is selected, Control\_ Fan Speed and Status\_ Fan Speed communication objects for this DPT will appear. Also, depending on the number of fan speeds selected, these objects will be different.

If this DPT is selected with 2 fan speeds:

```
■之 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed values 1,2
■之 56: Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed Value 1,2
```

The first fan speed will be selected if a "1" is sent to the *Control\_* object. The second fan speed will be selected sending a "2".

The *Status*\_ object will always return the value for the fan speed selected. If this DPT is selected with 3 fan speeds:

```
■ 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed values 1,2,3

2 56: Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Speed Value 1,2,3
```

The first fan speed will be selected if a "1" is sent to the *Control*\_ object. The second one will be selected sending a "2", and the last one sending a "3".

The Status\_ object will always return the value for the fan speed selected.

▲ Important: In both cases if a "0" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the minimum fan speed will be selected. If a value bigger than "2" (in case of 2 speeds) or bigger than "3" (in case of 3 fan speeds) is sent to the Control\_ object, then the maximum fan speed will be selected.

 When "Scaling [DPT 5.001]" is selected, Control\_ Fan Speed and Status\_ Fan Speed communication objects for this DPT will appear. Also, depending on the number of fan speeds selected, these objects will be different.

If this DPT is selected with 2 fan speeds:

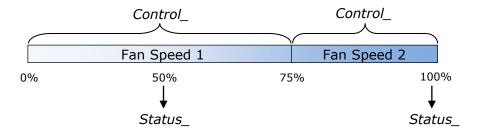
```
■ 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Threshold 75%

■ 256: Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 50% and 100%
```

When a value between **0%** and **74%** is sent to the *Control*\_ object the first fan speed will be selected.

When a value between **75%** and **100%** is sent to the *Control\_* object, the second speed will be selected.

The *Status*\_ object will return a **50%** for the first fan speed, and a **100%** for the second one.



If this DPT is selected with 3 fan speeds:

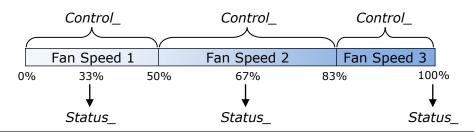
```
■ 2 | 11: Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds 50% and 83% ■ 2 | 56: Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - 33%, 67% and 100%
```

When a value between **0%** and **49%** is sent to the *Control*\_ object the first fan speed will be selected.

When a value between **50%** and **83%** is sent to the *Control*\_ object, the second speed will be selected.

When a value between **84%** and **100%** is sent to the *Control*\_ object, the third speed will be selected.

The *Status*\_ object will return a **33%** when the first speed is selected, a **67%** for the second one and a **100%** for the third one.



## 4.4.3 Enable use of +/- object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Fan Speed +/- communication object which lets you increase/decrease the indoor unit fan speed by using two different datapoint types.

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control Fan Speed +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

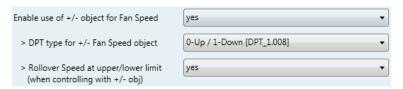


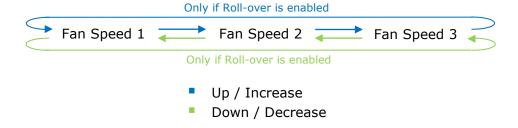
Figure 4.14 Parameter detail

#### > DPT type for +/- Fan Speed Object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and O-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007] for the Control Fan Speed +/object.

#### Roll-over Speed at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled ("yes") or disabled ("no") for the Control\_ Fan Speed +/- object.



## 4.4.4 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control\_ Fan Speed* objects.

```
12: Control_ Fan Speed 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 1
■2 13: Control_ Fan Speed 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 2
■2 14: Control_ Fan Speed 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Fan Speed 3
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2 and Speed 3 (if available) will appear. To activate a Fan Speed by using these objects a "1" value has to be sent.

## 4.4.5 Enable use of bit-type Fan Speed objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_ Fan Speed* objects.

```
57: Status_ Fan Speed 1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 1
■2 58: Status_ Fan Speed 2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 2
59: Status_ Fan Speed 3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Fan in speed 3
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status Fan Speed objects for Speed 1, Speed 2 and Speed 3 (if available) will appear. When a Fan Speed is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

#### 4.4.6 Enable use of Text object for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Fan Speed Text communication object.

```
60: Status_ Fan Speed Text [DPT_16.001 - 14byte] - ascii string
```

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Fan Speed Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters, will be shown two (or three, depending on the number of fan speeds selected) text fields, one for each Fan Speed, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status\_ Fan Speed Text when changing a fan speed.



Figure 4.15 Parameter detail

## 4.4.7 Enable use of Legacy\_ obj for Fan Speed

This parameter shows/hides the Legacy\_ Fan Speed communication object.

81: Legacy\_ Fan Speed [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0-sp1;1-sp2;2-sp3

If set to "no" the object will not be shown.

If set to "yes" the Legacy\_ Fan Speed object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit Fan Speed but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.

#### Vane Up-Down Configuration dialog 4.5

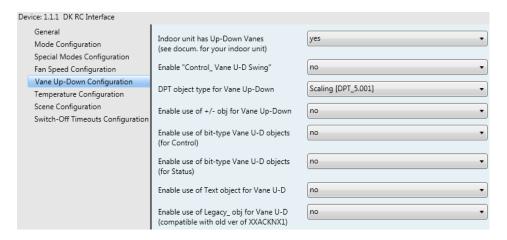


Figure 4.16 Vane Up-Down Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Vane Up-Down properties and communication objects.

## 4.5.1 Indoor unit has Up-Down Vanes

This parameter lets you choose if the unit has Up-Down Vanes available or not.

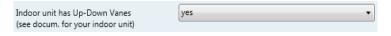


Figure 4.17 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" all the parameters and communication objects for the Up-Down Vanes will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" all the parameters and communication objects (if enabled in the parameters dialog) for the Up-Down Vanes will be shown.
- △ Important: Read the documentation of your indoor unit to check if Up-Down Vanes are available.

## 4.5.2 Enable "Control Vane U-D Swing"

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Vane Up-Down Swing and Status\_ Vane Up-Down Swing communication object.

> 17: Control\_ Vane Up-Down Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Stop/1-Swing ## 62: Status\_ Vane Up-Down Swing [DPT\_1.002 - 1bit] - 0-Stop/1-Swing

- o If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- o If set to "yes" the Control Vane Up-Down Swing and Status Vane Up-Down Swing objects will appear.
  - When a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the indoor unit enables the Swing function for the vanes. The *Status* object returns a "1" value.
  - When a "O" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the Swing function for the vanes stops and the indoor unit puts them to Position 1. The Status object returns a "0" value.
  - △ Important: If a "0" value is sent to the Control object while the Swing function is disabled, the value will be ignored and no change will be applied.

## 4.5.3 DPT object type for Vane Up-Down

With this parameter is possible to change de DPT for the Control\_ Vane Up-Down and Status\_ Vane Up-Down byte-type communication objects. Datapoints Scaling (DPT\_5.001) and Enumerated (DPT\_5.010) can be selected.

When "Enumerated [DPT 5.010]" is selected, Control Vane Up-Down and Status Vane Up-Down communication objects for this DPT will appear.

```
16: Control_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values 1,2,3,4,5
1,2,3,4,5 | 61: Status_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos [DPT_5.010 - 1byte] - Position values 1,2,3,4,5
```

To choose a vane position, values from "1" to "5" can be sent to the *Control* object. Each value will correspond to the position (i.e. Value "3" = Position 3).

The Status\_ object will always return the value for the vane position selected.

- △ Important: If a "0" value is sent to the Control\_ object, the Position 1 will be selected. If a value bigger than "5" is sent to the Control\_ object, then the Position 5 will be selected.
- o When "Scaling [DPT 5.001]" is selected, Control\_ Vane Up-Down and Status Vane *Up-Down* communication objects for this DPT will appear.

```
■2 16: Control_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos [DPT_5.001 - 1byte] - Thresholds 20%, 40%, 60%, 80%
2 61: Status Vane Up-Down / 5 pos [DPT 5.001 - 1byte] - 20%, 40%, 60%, 80% and 100%
```

When a value between 0% and 29% is sent to the Control object the first vane position will be selected.

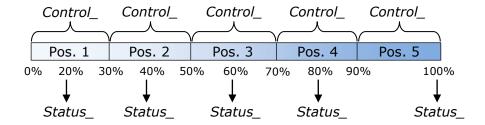
When a value between 30% and 49% is sent to the Control object, the second vane position will be selected.

When a value between 50% and 69% is sent to the Control\_ object, the third vane position will be selected.

When a value between 70% and 89% is sent to the Control object, the fourth vane position will be selected.

When a value between 90% and 100% is sent to the Control object, the fifth vane position will be selected.

The Status object will return a 20% for the first vane position, a 40% for the second one, a 60% for the third one, an 80% for the fourth one and a 100% for the fifth and last one.



## 4.5.4 Enable use of +/- obj for Vane Up-Down

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Vane Up-Down +/- communication object which lets you change the indoor unit vane position by using two different datapoint types.

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vane Up-Down +/- object and a new parameter will appear.

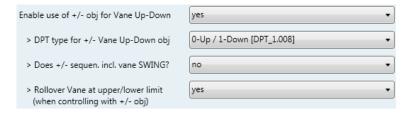


Figure 4.18 Parameter detail

## DPT type for +/- Vane Up-Down obj

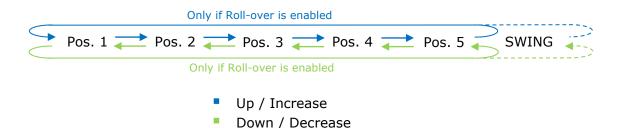
This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the Control\_ Vane Up-Down +/object.

## Does +/- sequen. incl. vane SWING?

This parameter lets you choose if SWING function is included ("yes") or not ("no") in the sequence when using Control\_ Vane Up-Down +/- object as shown in the discontinuous segment at the picture below.

#### Rollover Vane at upper/lower limit

This parameter lets choose if roll-over will be enabled ("yes") or disabled ("no") for the Vane Up-Down +/- object.



## 4.5.5 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Control)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Control Vane Up-Down* objects.

```
18: Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Pos1
19: Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Pos2
20: Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos3 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Pos3
21: Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Pos4
22: Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos5 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Set Pos5
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Vane Up-Down objects for each Position (1 to 5) will appear. To activate a Vane Position by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent.

## 4.5.6 Enable use of bit-type Vane U-D objects (for Status)

This parameter shows/hides the bit-type *Status\_Vane Up-Down* objects.

```
■2 63: Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vane in Pos1
■2 64: Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vane in Pos2
■2 65: Status Vane Up-Down Pos3 [DPT 1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vane in Pos3
📫 66: Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vane in Pos4

■2 67: Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos5 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Vane in Pos5
```

- If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Vane Up-Down objects for each Position (1 to 5) will appear. When a Vane Position is enabled, a "1" value is returned through its bit-type object.

## 4.5.7 Enable use of Text object for Vane U-D

This parameter shows/hides the Status\_ Vane Up-Down Text communication object.

■2 68: Status\_ Vane Up-Down Text [DPT\_16.001 - 14byte] - ascii string



- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Status\_ Vane Up-Down Text object will appear. Also, in the parameters will be shown six text fields, five for the Vane Position and one for the Swing function, that will let modify the text string displayed by the Status\_ Vane Up-Down Text when changing a vane position.

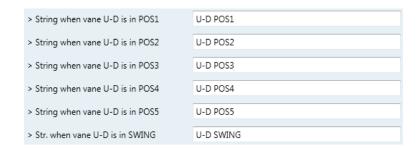


Figure 4.19 Parameter detail

## 4.5.8 Enable use of Legacy\_ obj for Vane U-D

This parameter shows/hides the Legacy\_ Vane Up-Down communication object.

■2 82: Legacy\_ Vane Up-Down [Enumerated - 1byte] - 0-Pos0..4-Pos4,5-Swi

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Legacy\_ Vane Up-Down object will appear. This object lets change the indoor unit Vane Position but it uses a different data type. It is used to maintain compatibility with old gateway models.

## Temperature Configuration dialog

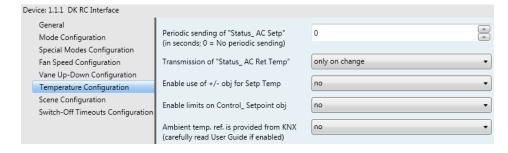


Figure 4.20 Default Temperature Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the Temperature properties and communication objects.

## 4.6.1 Periodic sending of "Status AC Setp"

This parameter lets you change the interval of time (in seconds, from 0 to 255) at the end of which the AC setpoint temperature is sent to the KNX bus. For a "O" value, the AC setpoint temperature will ONLY be sent on change. The AC setpoint temperature is sent through the communication object Status\_ AC Setpoint Temp.

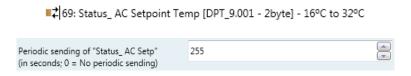


Figure 4.21 Parameter detail

△ Important: In case of working with the gateway in slave mode and the ambient temperature provided from KNX, the setpoint temperature returned from this object, will be the one resulting from the formula shown in the section "4.6.5 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX".

## 4.6.2 Transmission of "Status\_ AC Ret Temp"

This parameter lets to you choose if the AC return temperature will be sent "only cylically", "only on change" or "cyclically and on change". The AC return temperature is sent through the communication object Status\_ AC Return Temp.

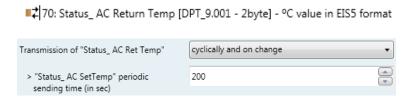


Figure 4.22 Parameter detail

"Status AC SetTemp" periodic sending time (in sec)

This parameter will only be available for the "only cylically" and "cyclically and on change" options, and lets you change the interval of time (in seconds, from 1 to 255) at the end of which the AC return temperature is sent to the KNX bus.

## 4.6.3 Enable use of +/- obj for Setp Temp

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Setpoint Temp +/- communication object which lets you change the indoor unit setpoint temperature by using two different datapoint types.

■2 26: Control\_ Setpoint Temp +/- [DPT\_1.008 - 1bit] - 0-Up;1-Down

If set to "no" the object will not be shown.



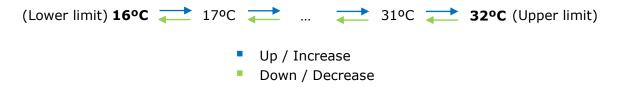
o If set to "yes" the Control\_ Setpoint Temp +/- object and a new parameter will appear.



Figure 4.23 Parameter detail

> DPT type for +/- Setp Temp object

This parameter lets choose between the datapoints **0-Up / 1-Down [DPT\_1.008]** and **0-Decrease / 1-Increase [DPT\_1.007]** for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temp +/*-object.



## 4.6.4 Enable limits on Control\_ Setpoint obj

This parameter enables to define temperature limits for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* object.

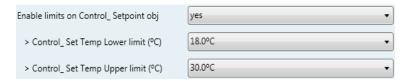


Figure 4.24 Parameter detail

- o If set to "no" the setpoint temperature limits for the *Control\_ Setpoint Temperature* object will be the default: 16°C for the lower limit and 32°C for the upper limit.
- o If set to "yes" it is possible to define temperature limits for the Control\_ Setpoint Temperature object.
  - Control Set Temp Lower limit (°C)

This parameter lets to define the lower limit for the setpoint temperature.

Control Set Temp Upper limit (°C)

This parameter lets to define the upper limit for the setpoint temperature.

- ▲ Important: If a setpoint temperature above the upper defined limit (or below the lower defined limit) is sent through the Control\_ Setpoint Temperature object, it will be ALWAYS applied the limit defined.
- ▲ **Important:** When limits are enabled, any setpoint temperature sent to the AC (even through scenes, special modes, etc.) will be limited.

△ Important: If the gateway is slave in P1/P2 bus, it is possible to change the setpoint temperature with the master remote controller below or above the defined limits.

#### 4.6.5 Ambient temp. ref. is provided from KNX

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Ambient Temperature communication object which lets you use an ambient temperature reference provided by a KNX device.

25: Control\_ Ambient Temperature [DPT\_9.001 - 2byte] - °C value in EIS5 format

- △ Important: The Daikin indoor units has three different ways to be programmed in regards with the ambient temperature sensor, see below. This configuration must be done by a Daikin qualified technician or installer.
  - 1) The indoor unit uses its own return temperature.
  - 2) The indoor unit uses its own return temperature when there is a big difference between the ambient temperature and the setpoint temperature. It uses the ambient temperature from the Master device (remote controller, or INKNXDAI001R000 device) when this difference is small.
  - 3) It is only used the ambient temperature from the Master device (remote controller, or INKNXDAI001R000 device). This option is not available on all the indoor unit models.

Note that when this parameter is enabled in the INKNXDAI001R000, it may require the AC indoor unit to be programmed to work in a specific way regarding the ambient temperature sensor, in one of the three options explained above.

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control Ambient Temperature object will appear.
  - When the INKNXDAI001R000 is Master in P1/P2 bus: The ambient temperature is provided from KNX. The AC indoor unit will work with this temperature as its reference temperature (it will NOT use its own return temperature). This requires programming the AC indoor unit to work as explained in options 2) or 3) above.
  - When the INKNXDAI001R000 is **Slave** in P1/P2 bus: The indoor unit works with its own return temperature. This requires programming the AC indoor unit to work as explained in option 1) above. As in this case the AC return temperature could be different as of the KNX

ambient temperature, the INKNXDAI001R000 applies a formula to compensate this difference. So, the compensated setpoint temperature sent to the AC indoor unit is the result of applying the next formula:

"AC Setp. Temp" = "AC Ret. Temp" - ("KNX Amb. Temp." - "KNX Setp. Temp")

- AC Setp. Temp: AC indoor unit setpoint temperature
- AC Ret. Temp: AC indoor unit return temperature
- KNX Amb. Temp.: Ambient temperature provided from KNX
- KNX Setp. Temp: Setpoint temperature provided from KNX



This formula ensures that INKNXDAI001R000 will send always a suitable setpoint to the AC indoor unit to reach the demanded setpoint of KNX and having always into account the ambient temperature read at KNX and the return temperature measured by the own AC indoor unit. Note these two ambient temperatures may be different because one is measured at 1,5 meters above the ground (the one measured by the KNX sensor), and the other one is measured in the inlet pipe located in the ceiling (the one measured by Daikin).

As an example, consider the following situation:

User wants: **19°C** ("KNX Setp. Temp.") User sensor (a KNX sensor) reads: 21°C ("KNX Amb Temp.") Ambient temp. read by Daikin system is: **24°C** ("AC Ret. Temp")

In this example, the final setpoint temperature that INKNXDAI001R000 will send out to the indoor unit (shown in "Setp. Temp.") will become 24°C -(21°C - 19°C) = 22°C. This is the setpoint that will actually be requested to Daikin unit.

This formula will be applied as soon as the Control\_ Setpoint Temperature and Control Ambient Temperature objects are written at least once from the KNX installation. After that, they are kept always consistent.

Note that this formula will always drive the AC indoor unit demand in the right direction, regardless of the operation mode (Heat, Cool or Auto).

It also must be remarked that, if using a Daikin centralized control system for the supervision/control of multiple indoor units, it will report the actual setpoint and ambient temperature on the AC indoor units, which may be different than the ones at the KNX side.

## 4.7 Scene Configuration dialog

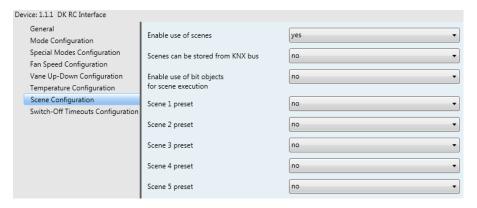


Figure 4.25 Parameter detail

All the parameters in this section are related with the Scene properties and communication objects. A scene contains values of: On/Off, Mode, Fan speed, Vane position, Setpoint Temperature and Remote Controller Disablement.

#### 4.7.1 Enable use of scenes

This parameter shows/hides the scene configuration parameters and communication objects.



Figure 4.26 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" the scene parameters and communication objects will not be shown.
- o If set to "yes" the scene parameters and communication objects will be shown. To execute a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "0" to "4" has to be sent, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "0" = Scene 1;... "4" = Scene 5).

#### 4.7.2 Scenes can be stored from KNX bus

This parameter shows/hides the Control Save/Exec Scene and all the Control Store Scene (if enabled) communication objects.

```
36: Control_Save/Exec Scene [DPT_18.001 - 1byte] - 0.4-Exec 1-5;128-132-Save 1-5
37: Control_Store Scene1 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene
■ 38: Control_ Store Scene2 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene
■ 39: Control_ Store Scene3 [DPT_1,002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene
40: Control_ Store Scene4 [DPT_1.002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene
141: Control Store Scene5 [DPT 1,002 - 1bit] - 1-Store Scene
```

- If set to "no" the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects and a new parameter will appear. To store a scene through the byte-type object, a value from "128" to "132" has to be sent to the object, correponding each one to a different scene (i.e. "128" = Scene 1;... "132" = Scene 5).



Figure 4.27 Parameter detail

Enable use of bit objects for storing scenes (from bus)

If set to "no" the objects will not be shown.

If set to "yes" the Control\_ Store Scene objects for storing scenes will appear. To store a scene by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to store (i.e. to store scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the Control\_ Store Scene 4 object).

## 4.7.3 Enable use of bit objects for scene execution

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Execute Scene* bit-type communication objects.

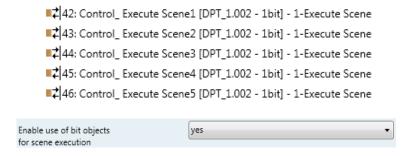


Figure 4.28 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" the communication objects will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the communication objects will appear. To execute a scene by using these objects, a "1" value has to be sent to the scene's object we want to execute (i.e. to execute scene 4, a "1" has to be sent to the Control Execute Scene 4 object).

#### 4.7.4 Scene "x" preset

This parameter lets you define a preset for a scene (the following description is valid for all the scenes).

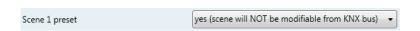


Figure 4.29 Parameter detail

- If set to "no" the preset for the scene "x" will be disabled.
- If set to "yes" the preset will be enabled. When a scene is executed the values configured in the preset will be aplied.
- △ Important: If a scene's preset is enabled, will not be possible to modify (store) the scene from the KNX bus.

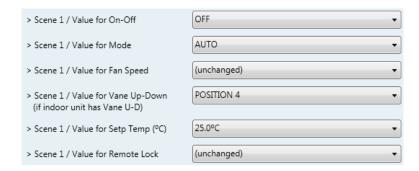


Figure 4.30 Parameter detail

#### Scene "x" / Value for On-Off

This parameter lets you choose the power of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "ON", "OFF" or "(unchanged)".

#### Scene "x" / Value for Mode

This parameter lets you choose the mode of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "AUTO", "HEAT", "COOL", "FAN", "DRY", or "(unchanged)".

#### Scene "x" / Value for Fan Speed

This parameter lets you choose the fan speed of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "SPEED 1", "SPEED 2", "SPEED 3", or "(unchanged)".

#### Scene "x" / Value for Vane Up-Down

This parameter lets you choose the vane position of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "POSITION 1", "POSITION 2", "POSITION 3", "POSITION 4", "POSITION 5", "SWING" or "(unchanged)".

#### Scene "x" / Value for Setp Temp (°C)

This parameter lets you choose the setpoint temperature of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: from "16°C" to "32°C" (both included), or "(unchanged)".

#### Scene "x" / Value for Remote Lock

This parameter lets you choose the remote controller status of the indoor unit when the scene is executed. The following options are available: "locked", "unlocked", or "(unchanged)".

- △ Important: If any preset value is configured as "(unchanged)", the execution of this scene will not change current status of this feature in the AC unit.
- △ Important: When a scene is executed, Status\_ Current Scene object shows the number of this scene. Any change in previous items does Status Current Scene show "No Scene". Only changes on items marked as "(unchanged)" will not disable current scene.

### 4.8 Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog

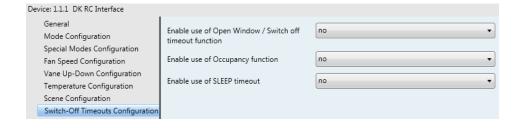




Figure 4.31 Default Switch-Off Timeouts Configuration dialog

All the parameters in this section are related with the timeout properties and communication objects.

#### 4.8.1 Enable use of Open Window / Switch off timeout function

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout communication object which lets you Start/Stop a timeout to switch off the indoor unit.

```
27: Control_Window Contact Status [DPT_1,009 - 1bit] - 0-Open;1-Closed
27: Control Switch Off Timeout [DPT 1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop:1-Start
```

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout object and new parameters will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object, and the indoor unit is already turned on, the switchoff timeout will begin. If a "O" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

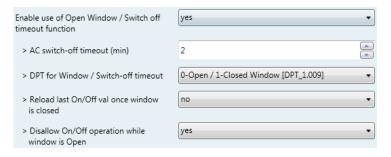


Figure 4.32 Parameter detail

#### AC switch-off timeout (min)

This parameter lets you select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the indoor unit.

#### DPT for Window / Switch-off timeout

This parameter lets you choose between the datapoints **0-Open / 1-Closed** Window [DPT\_1.009] and 0-Stop / 1-Start Timeout [DPT\_1.010] for the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout.

#### Disallow On/Off operation while window is Open

If set to "no", On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.

- If a "1" value is sent to the Control Switch Off Timeout object the switch-off timeout period will begin again.
- If a "O" value is sent to the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout object, no action will be performed.

If set to "yes", On/Off commands, while the window is open, will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to "yes".

#### Reload last On/Off val once window is closed?

If set to "no", once the switch-off timeout is stopped, any value will be reloaded.

If set to "yes", once the switch-off timeout is stopped, the last On/Off value sent will be reloaded.

- If a "1" value is sent to the Control\_ Switch Off Timeout object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "O" value is sent to the Control Switch Off Timeout after the timeout period, no action will be performed.

## 4.8.2 Enable use of Occupancy function

This parameter shows/hides the Control\_ Occupancy communication object which lets you apply different parameters to the indoor unit depending on the presence/no presence in the room.

28: Control\_ Occupancy [DPT\_1.018 - 1bit] - 0-Not Occupied;1-Occupied

- If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- If set to "yes" the Control\_ Occupancy object and new parameters will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object (no room occupancy), the timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the timeout will stop.



Figure 4.33 Parameter detail

#### Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets you choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed").

#### Action after timeout elapsed

When Switch-Off is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will be turned off.

When Apply Preset Delta is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, a delta temperature will be applied in order to save energy (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.



Figure 4.34 Parameter detail

Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)

This parameter lets configure the delta temperature (increase or decrease) that will be applied when the timeout has elapsed.

Important: When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely. (i.e. In a room with AC in cool mode and 25°C setpoint temperature, a **+2°C** delta is applied after the occupancy timeout, setting the setpoint at 27°C because there is no occupancy in the room. If the setpoint is raised to 29°C during that period, when the room is occupied again, a -2°C delta will be applied and the final setpoint temperature will then be 27°C).

#### Enable secondary timeout

If set to "no" nothing will be applied.

If set to "yes", a new timeout will be enabled and two new parameters will appear.



Figure 4.35 Parameter detail

#### Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets you choose how much time to wait (in minutes) before executing the action specified in the next parameter ("Action after timeout elapsed").

#### > Action after timeout elapsed

When Switch-Off is selected, once the timeout has elapsed, the indoor unit will turn off.

When Apply Preset Delta is selected, once the timeout configured is extinguished, a delta temperature will be applied (decreasing the setpoint when in Heat mode or increasing the setpoint when in Cool mode). Also new parameters will appear.

#### Temp delta decrease (HEAT) or increase (COOL) (°C)

This parameter lets configure the delta temperature that will be applied when the timeout is extinguished.



▲ **Important:** When there is occupancy again after the application of a delta, the same delta will be applied inversely as explained above.

#### Disallow On/Off operation while not Occupied

If set to "no", On/Off commands while the window is open will be accepted.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* object the switch-off timeout period will begin again.
- If a "O" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* object, no action will be performed.

If set to "yes", On/Off commands while not occupied will be saved (but not applied). These commands will be used in the next parameter if set to "yes".



Figure 4.36 Parameter detail

#### Reload last On/Off value when Occupied

If set to "no", once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, any value will be reloaded.

If set to "yes", once the switch-off timeout has elapsed, the last On/Off value will be reloaded.

- If a "1" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* object after the timeout period, the indoor unit will **turn on**.
- If a "O" value is sent to the *Control\_ Occupancy* after the timeout period, no action will be performed.

#### 4.8.3 Enable use of SLEEP timeout

This parameter shows/hides the *Control\_ Start Sleep Timeout* communication object which lets you start a timeout to automatically turn off the indoor unit.

29: Control\_Start Sleep Timeout [DPT\_1.010 - 1bit] - 0-Stop;1-Start

- o If set to "no" the object will not be shown.
- o If set to "yes" the Control\_ Start Sleep Timeout object and a new parameter will appear. If a "1" value is sent to this object the switch-off timeout will begin. If a "0" value is sent to this object, the switch-off timeout will stop.

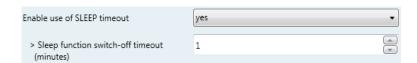


Figure 4.37 Parameter detail

### Timeout to apply action (minutes)

This parameter lets you select how much time (in minutes) to wait before switching off the AC unit.

# 5. Specifications

Dimensions:	70 X 70 X 28 mm
Weight:	70 g
KNX current consumption:	5 mA
P1-P2 Bus current consumption:	45 mA
Operating Temperature:	-25 60°C
Stock Temperature:	-40 85°C
Isolation voltage:	2500 V

## 6. AC Unit Types compatibility.

A list of Daikin indoor unit models compatible with INKNXDAI001R000 and their available features can be found in:

https://www.intesis.com/docs/compatibilities/inxxxdai001rx00 compatibility

## 7. Error Codes

Error Code KNX Object	Error in Remote Controller	Error category	Error Description
17	A0		External protection devices activated
18	A1		Indoor unit PCB assembly failure
19	A2		Interlock error for fan
20 21	A3 A4		Drain level system error
22	A5		Temperature of heat exchanger (1) error Temperature of heat exchanger (2) error
23	A6		Fan motor locked, overload, over current
24	A7		Swing flap motor error
25	A8		Overcurrent of AC input
26	A9		Electronic expansion valve drive error
27	AA		Heater overheat
28	AH		Dust collector error / No-maintenance filter error
30	AJ		Capacity setting error (indoor)
31 32	AE AF		Shortage of water supply  Malfunctions of a humidifier system (water leaking)
33	C0	Indoor Unit	Malfunctions of a numidifier system (water leaking)  Malfunctions in a sensor system
36	C3		Sensor system of drain water error
37	C4		Heat exchanger (1) (Liquid pipe) thermistor system error
38	C5		Heat exchanger (1) (Gas pipe) thermistor system error
39	C6		Sensor system error of fan motor locked, overload
40	C7		Sensor system of swing flag motor error
41	C8		Sensor system of over-current of AC input
42	C9		Suction air thermistor error
43	CA		Discharge air thermistor system error
44	CH		Contamination sensor error
45 46	CC CC		Humidity sensor error  Remote control thermistor error
47	CE		
48	CF		Radiation sensor error
48	E0		High pressure switch sensor  Protection devices activated
50	E1		Outdoor uni9t PCB assembly failure
52	E3		High pressure switch (HPS) activated
53	E4		Low pressure switch (LPS) activated
54	E5		Overload of inverter compressor motor
55	E6		Over current of STD compressor motor
56	E7		Overload of fan motor / Over current of fan motor
57 58	E8 E9		Over current of AC input  Electronic expansion valve drive error
59	EA		Four-way valve error
60	EH		Pump motor over current
61	EC		Water temperature abnormal
62	EJ		(Site installed) Protection device activated
63	EE		Malfunctions in a drain water
64	EF		Ice thermal storage unit error
65	H0		Malfunctions in a sensor system
66 67	H1 H2		Air temperature thermistor error  Sensor system of power supply error
68	H3		High Pressure switch is faulty
69	H4		Low pressure switch is faulty
70	H5	Outdoor Unit	Compressor motor overload sensor is abnormal
71	H6		Compressor motor over current sensor is abnormal
72	H7		Overload or over current sensor of fan motor is abnormal
73	H8		Sensor system of over-current of AC input
74 75	H9		Outdoor air thermistor system error
76	HA HH		Discharge air thermistor system error  Pump motor sensor system of over current is abnormal
77	HC		Water temperature sensor system error
79	HE		Sensor system of drain water is abnormal
80	HF		Ice thermal storage unit error (alarm)
81	F0		No.1 and No.2 common protection device operates.
82	F1		No.1 protection device operates.
83	F2		No.2 protection device operates
84 87	F3 F6		Discharge pipe temperature is abnormal  Temperature of heat exchanger (1) abnormal
91	FA		Discharge pressure abnormal
92	FH		Oil temperature is abnormally high
93	FC		Suction pressure abnormal
95	FE		Oil pressure abnormal
96	FF		Oil level abnormal
97	J0		Sensor system error of refrigerant temperature

98 J1 Pressure sensor error 99 J2 Current sensor error	•
100   10   Discharge sin - 41 1	otom orror
100 J3 Discharge pipe thermistor sy 101 J4 Low pressure equivalent satu	rated temperature sensor system error
102 J5 Suction pipe thermistor syste	
103 J6 Heat exchanger (1) thermistor	
104 J7 Heat exchanger (1) thermistic	
105 J8 Oil equalizer pipe or liquid pi	,
	outlet or gas pipe thermistor system error
107 JA Discharge pipe pressure sen	• 11
108 JH Oil temperature sensor error	501 511 51
109 JC Suction pipe pressure senso	error
111 JE Oil pressure sensor error	
112 JF Oil level sensor error	
113 L0 Inverter system error	
116 L3 Temperature rise in a switch	box
117 L4 Radiation fin (power transisto	
	or short circuit, inverter PCB fault
	or short circuit, inverter PCB fault
120 L7 Over current of all inputs	,
121 L8 Compressor over current, co	mpressor motor wire cut
	p error) Compressor locked, etc.
123 LA Power transistor error	
125 LC Communication error between	n inverter and outdoor control unit
129 P0 Shortage of refrigerant (therr	nal storage unit)
130 P1 Power voltage imbalance, op	en phase
132 P3 Sensor error of temperature	
133 P4 Radiation fin temperature set	
134 P5 DC current sensor system er	
135 P6 AC or DC output current sens	
136 P7 Total input current sensor en	or
142 PJ Capacity setting error (outdo	or)
145 U0 Low pressure drop due to ins	ufficient refrigerant or electronic expansion valve error, etc.
146 U1 Reverse phase, Open phase	
147 U2 Power voltage failure / Instar	taneous power failure
148 U3 Failure to carry out check op	eration, transmission error
Communication array between	n indeed unit and outdoor unit communication array between
149 U4 Communication error betwee outdoor unit and BS unit	n indoor unit and outdoor unit, communication error between
	n remote control and indoor unit / Remote control board failure or
150 U5 setting error for remote contr	
151 U6 Communication error between	
Communication error between	n outdoor units / Communication error between outdoor unit and
152 U7   Communication entri between	in outdoor units / communication error between outdoor unit and
System Communication error between	n main and sub remote controllers (sub remote control error) /
	door unit / remote control in the same system (model)
Communication error between	n other indoor unit and outdoor unit in the same system /
154 119	n other BS unit and indoor/outdoor unit
Combination error of indoor/6	SS/outdoor unit (model, quantity, etc.), setting error of spare parts
155 UA PCB when replaced	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
156 UH Improper connection of trans	mission wiring between outdoor and outdoor unit outside control
adaptor	
157 UC Centralized address duplicate	
158 UJ Attached equipment transmis	
	n indoor unit and centralized control device
1 160 L UF L	peration Indoor-outdoor, outdoor-outdoor communication error,
etc.	
209 60 All system error	
210 61 PC board error	
211 62 Ozone density abnormal	
212 63 Contamination sensor error	
213 64 Indoor air thermistor system	
214 65 Outdoor air thermistor system	
217 68 HVU error (Ventiair dust-colle	ecting unit)
219 6A Dumper system error	
219         6A         Dumper system error           220         6H         Door switch error	
219         6A         Dumper system error           220         6H         Door switch error           221         6C         Replace the humidity element	
2196ADumper system error2206HDoor switch error2216CReplace the humidity elemer2226JReplace the high efficiency fix	ter
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E  Dumper system error Door switch error Replace the humidity elemer Replace the high efficiency fi Replace the deodorization ca	ter talyst
2196ADumper system error2206HDoor switch error2216CReplace the humidity elemer2226JReplace the high efficiency fi2236EReplace the deodorization of Simplified remote controller of Simplified remote control	ter talyst rror
219         6A           220         6H           221         6C           222         6J           223         6E           224         6F           225         51           Dumper system error           Door switch error           Replace the humidity elemer           Replace the high efficiency fi           Replace the deodorization or           Simplified remote controller           Fan motor of supply air over	ter talyst rror current or overload
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52  Dumper system error Door switch error Replace the humidity elemer Replace the high efficiency fi Replace the deodorization or Simplified remote controller or Fan motor of supply air over Fan motor of return air over or	ter talyst vror current or overload vurrent / Fan motor of return air overload
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53  Dumper system error Door switch error Replace the humidity elemer Replace the high efficiency fi Replace the deodorization ca Simplified remote controller e Fan motor of supply air over	ter talyst veror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side)
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 229 54  Dumper system error Door switch error Replace the humidity elemer Replace the high efficiency fi Replace the deodorization ca Simplified remote controller e Fan motor of supply air over	ter talyst veror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side)
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 228 53 229 54 241 40  Dumper system error Door switch error Replace the humidity elemer Replace the high efficiency fi Replace the deodorization or Simplified remote controller or Fan motor of supply air over Fan motor of return air over or Inverter system error (supply Inverter system error (return Humidifying valve error	ter talyst veror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side)
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 229 54 241 40 241 40 242 41	ter talyst veror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side)
219	ter talyst tror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side) air side)
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 228 53 229 54 241 40 241 40 242 41 243 42 244 43	ter talyst tror current or overload turrent / Fan motor of return air overload air side) air side) ter error
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 229 54 241 40 241 40 242 41 243 42 244 43 245 44	ter talyst tror current or overload turrent / Fan motor of return air overload air side) air side) ter error error
219 6A 220 6H 221 6C 222 6J 223 6E 224 6F 226 51 227 52 228 53 228 53 229 54 241 40 241 40 242 41 243 42 244 43	ter talyst  rror current or overload current / Fan motor of return air overload air side) air side) ter error error a air sensor

260	33		Supply air temperature sensor error
261	34		Return air temperature sensor error
262	35		Outdoor air temperature sensor error
263	36		Remote controller temperature sensor error
267	3A		Water leakage sensor 1 error
268	3H		Water leakage sensor 2 error
269	3C		Dew condensation error
339	M2		Centralized remote controller PCB error
345	M8		Communication error between centralized remote control devices
347	MA		Centralized remote control devices inappropriate combination
349	MC		Centralized remote controller address setting error
-1	N/A	INKNXDAI001R000	Error in the communication of INKNXDAI001R000 device with the AC unit

In case you detect an error code not listed, contact your nearest Daikin technical support service for more information on the error meaning.

# **Appendix A – Communication Objects Table**

TOPIC	ОВЈЕСТ	NAME	LENGTH	DATAPOINT TY		FLA	GS		FUNCTION	
10110	NUMBER	NAPL	LENGTH	DPT_NAME	DPT_ID	R	w	т	U	TONOTION
On/Off	0	Control_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001		W	Т		0 - Off; 1-On
	1	Control_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105		W	Т		0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
	2	Control_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100		W	Т		0 - Cool; 1 - Heat
	3	Control_ Mode Cool & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		W	Т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Cool
	4	Control_ Mode Heat & On	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		W	Т		0% - Off; 0.1%-100% - On + Heat
	5	Control_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 - Auto
Mode	6	Control_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 - Heat
	7	Control_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 - Cool
	8	Control_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 - Fan
	9	Control_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W	Т		1 - Dry
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007		W			0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	10	Control_ Mode +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008		W			0 - Up; 1 - Down
		Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		W	Т		0%-74% - Speed 1; 75%-100% - Speed 2
Fan Speed	11	Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001		W	Т		0%-49% - Speed 1; 50%-83% - Speed 2; 84%-100% Speed 3
		Control_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010		W	Т		1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2

		Control_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	W	Т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 Speed 3
	12	Control_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Fan Speed 1
	13	Control_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Fan Speed 2
	14	Control_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Fan Speed 3
	15	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	W	Т	0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	15	Control_ Fan Speed +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	W	Т	0 - Up; 1 - Down
	16	Control_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	W	Т	0%-29% - Pos1; 30%-49% - Pos2; 50%-69% Pos3; 70%-89% - Pos4; 90%-100% - Pos5
	10	Control_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	W	Т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5
	17	Control_ Vane Up-Down Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Swing
	18	Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Position 1
Vanes	19	Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Position 2
	20	Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Position 3
	21	Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Position 4
	22	Control_ Vane Up-Down Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	1 - Position 5
	23	Control_ Vane Up-Down +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	W		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase
	25	Control_ Vane Up-Down +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	W		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	24	Control_ Setpoint Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	W	Т	16°C to 32°C
Temperature	25	Control_ Ambient Temperature	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	W	Т	°C value in EIS5 format
	26	Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_Step	1.007	W		0 - Decrease; 1 - Increase

		Control_ Setpoint Temp +/-	1 bit	DPT_UpDown	1.008	w		0 - Up; 1 - Down
	27	Control_ Switch Off Timeout	1 bit	DPT_OpenClose	1.009	W	Т	0 - Open; 1 - Closed
Timeout	21	Control_ Switch Off Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Timeout	28	Control_ Occupancy	1 bit	DPT_Occupancy	1.018	W	Т	0 - Not Occupied; 1 - Occupied
	29	Control_ Start Sleep Timeout	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Locking	30	Control_ Lock Remote Control	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
Locking	31	Control_ Lock Control Objects	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W	Т	0 - Unlocked; 1 - Locked
	32	Control_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Special Modes	33	Contorl_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
Special Floues	34	Control_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
	35	Control_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Start	1.010	W	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Start
	36	Control_ Save/Exec Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneControl	18.001	w		0 to 4 - Exec. Scene 1 to 5; 128 to 132 - Save Scene 1 to 5
	37	Control_ Store Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Store Scene
	38	Control_ Store Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Store Scene
	39	Control_ Store Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Store Scene
Scenes	40	Control_ Store Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Store Scene
	41	Control_ Store Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Store Scene
	42	Control_ Execute Scene1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Execute Scene
	43	Control_ Execute Scene2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Execute Scene
	44	Control_ Execute Scene3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	W		1 - Execute Scene

	45	Control_ Execute Scene4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Execute Scene
	46	Control_ Execute Scene5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002		W		1 - Execute Scene
On/Off	47	Status_ On/Off	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R		Т	0 - Off; 1-On
	48	Status_ Mode	1 byte	DPT_HVACContrMode	20.105	R		Т	0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 3 - Cool; 9 - Fan; 14 - Dry
	49	Status_ Mode Cool/Heat	1 bit	DPT_Heat/Cool	1.100	R		Т	0 - Cool; 1 - Heat
	50	Status_ Mode Auto	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Auto
Mode	51	Status_ Mode Heat	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Heat
Mode	52	Status_ Mode Cool	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Cool
	53	Status_ Mode Fan	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Fan
	54	Status_ Mode Dry	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Dry
	55	Status_ Mode Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		Т	ASCII String
		Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		Т	50% - Speed 1; 100% - Speed 2
	56	Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		Т	33% - Speed 1; 67% - Speed 2; 100% - Speed 3
	30	Status_ Fan Speed / 2 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		Т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2
Fan Speed		Status_ Fan Speed / 3 Speeds	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		Т	1 - Speed 1; 2 - Speed 2; 3 - Speed 3
ran Speed	57	Status_ Fan Speed 1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Speed 1
	58	Status_ Fan Speed 2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Speed 2
	59	Status_ Fan Speed 3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R		Т	1 - Speed 3
	60	Status_ Fan Speed Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R		Т	ASCII String
Vanes	61	Status_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Scaling	5.001	R		Т	20% - Pos1; 40% - Pos2; 60% - Pos3; 80% - Pos4; 100% - Pos5

		Status_ Vane Up-Down / 5 pos	1 byte	DPT_Enumerated	5.010	R	Т	1 - Pos1; 2 - Pos2; 3 - Pos3; 4 - Pos4; 5 - Pos5
	62	Status_ Vane Up-Down Swing	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	0 - Stop; 1 - Swing
	63	Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos1	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 1
	64	Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos2	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 2
	65	Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos3	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 3
	66	Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos4	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 4
	67	Status_ Vane Up-Down Pos5	1 bit	DPT_Bool	1.002	R	Т	1 - Position 5
	68	Status_ Vane Up-Down Text	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R	Т	ASCII String
Temperature	69	Status_ AC Setpoint Temp	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	Т	16°C to 32°C
remperature	70	Status_ AC Return Temp	2 byte	DPT_Value_Temp	9.001	R	Т	°C value in EIS5 format
	71	Status_ Error/Alarm	1 bit	DTP_Alarm	1.005	R	Т	0 - No Alarm; 1 - Alarm
Error	72	Status_ Error Code	2 byte	Enumerated		R	Т	0 - No Error; Any other see user's manual
	73	Status_ Error Text code	14 byte	DPT_String_8859_1	16.001	R	Т	2 char Daikin Error; Empty - none
	74	Status_ Power Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
	75	Status_ Econo Mode	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
Special Modes	76	Status_ Additional Heat	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
	77	Status_ Additional Cool	1 bit	DPT_Switch	1.001	R	Т	0 - Off; 1-On
Counter	78	Status_ Operation Hour Counter	2 byte	DPT_Value_2_Ucount	7.001	R	Т	Number of operating hours
Scene	79	Status_ Current Scene	1 byte	DPT_SceneNumber	17.001	R	Т	0 to 4 - Scene 1 to 5; 63 - No Scene
Legacy	80	Legacy_ Mode	1 byte	Enumerated		R	 Т	0 - Auto; 1 - Heat; 2 - Dry; 3 - Fan; 4 - Cool

81	Legacy_ Fan Speed	1 byte	Enumerated	R	Т	0 - Speed 1; 1 - Speed 2; 2 - Speed 3
82	Legacy_ Vane Up-Down	1 byte	Enumerated	R	Т	0 to 4 - Pos 1 to Pos 5; 5 - Swing